IN THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A light emitting element comprising:

a pair of electrodes including a first electrode and a second electrode;

a hole injecting layer in contact with the first electrode;

a first layer in contact with the second electrode and a second layer in contact with the first electrode hole injecting layer, wherein an ionization potential of the hole injecting layer is larger than an ionization potential of the first layer; and

a light emitting layer between in contact with the first layer and the second layer,

wherein each of the first layer and the second layer contains a composite of a conjugated molecule represented by a following general formula [1] and an oxide of a transition metal which belongs to any one of Groups 4 to 8 in the periodic table,

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
R^1 & R^2 & R^3 & R^4 \\
\hline
R^5 & X & Y & Z & R^6
\end{array}$$
[1]

wherein the X is the same as or different from the Z,

wherein the X and the Z each represent a sulfur atom, an oxygen atom, a nitrogen atom to which hydrogen, an alkyl group, or aryl group is bonded, or a silicon atom to which hydrogen, alkyl group, or aryl group is bonded,

wherein the Y represents an arylene group, and

wherein the R¹ to R⁴ each represent a hydrogen atom, and the R⁵ and R⁶ each represent an aryl group.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A light emitting element comprising:
- a pair of electrodes including a first electrode and a second electrode;
- a hole injecting layer in contact with the first electrode;
- a first layer in contact with the second electrode and a second layer in contact with the first electrode hole injecting layer, wherein an ionization potential of the hole injecting layer is larger than an ionization potential of the first layer; and

a light emitting layer between in contact with the first layer and the second layer,

wherein each of the first layer and the second layer contains a composite of a conjugated molecule represented by a following general formula [2] and an oxide of a transition metal which belongs to any one of Groups 4 to 8 in the periodic table,

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2} R^{3} R^{4} [2]

wherein the Y represents an arylene group, and

wherein the R^1 to R^4 each represent a hydrogen atom, and the R^5 and R^6 each represent an aryl group.

- 3. (Currently Amended) A light emitting element comprising:
- a pair of electrodes including a first electrode and a second electrode;
- a hole injecting layer in contact with the first electrode;
- a first layer in contact with the second electrode and a second layer in contact with the first electrode hole injecting layer, wherein an ionization potential of the hole injecting layer is larger than an ionization potential of the first layer; and
 - a light emitting layer between in contact with the first layer and the second layer,

wherein each of the first layer and the second layer contains a composite of a conjugated molecule represented by a following general formula [3] and an oxide of a transition metal which belongs to any one of Groups 4 to 8 in the periodic table,

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2} R^{3} R^{4} [3]

wherein the Y represents an arylene group, and

wherein the R^1 to R^4 each represent a hydrogen atom, and the R^5 and R^6 each represent an aryl group.

4. (Currently Amended) A light emitting element comprising:

a pair of electrodes including a first electrode and a second electrode;

a hole injecting layer in contact with the first electrode;

a first layer in contact with the second electrode and a second layer in contact with the first electrode hole injecting layer, wherein an ionization potential of the hole injecting layer is larger than an ionization potential of the first layer; and

a light emitting layer between in contact with the first layer and the second layer,

wherein each of the first layer and the second layer contains a composite of a conjugated molecule represented by a following general formula [4] and an oxide of a transition metal which belongs to any one of Groups 4 to 8 in the periodic table,

wherein the Y represents an arylene group,

wherein the R^1 to R^4 each represent hydrogen, and the R^4 and R^5 each represent an aryl group, and

wherein the \mathbb{R}^7 and the \mathbb{R}^8 each represent any of hydrogen, an alkyl group, and an aryl group.

5. (Currently Amended) A light emitting element comprising:

a pair of electrodes including a first electrode and a second electrode;

a hole injecting layer in contact with the first electrode;

a first layer in contact with the second electrode and a second layer in contact with the first electrode hole injecting layer, wherein an ionization potential of the hole injecting layer is larger than an ionization potential of the first layer; and

a light emitting layer between in contact with the first layer and the second layer,

wherein each of the first layer and the second layer contains a composite of a conjugated molecule represented by a following general formula [5] and an oxide of a transition metal which belongs to any one of Groups 4 to 8 in the periodic table,

wherein the Y represents an arylene group,

wherein the R¹ to R⁴ each represent hydrogen, and R⁴ and R⁵ each represent an aryl group, and

wherein the R⁷ to R¹⁰ each represent any of hydrogen, an alkyl group, and an aryl group.

6. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5,

wherein the light emitting element emits light from the light emitting layer when a voltage is applied so that an electric potential of the first electrode is higher than that of the second electrode.

7-8. (Canceled)

- 9. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the oxide of the transition metal which belongs to any one of Groups 4 to 8 in the periodic table includes vanadium oxide, molybdenum oxide, rhenium oxide, tungsten oxide, ruthenium oxide, titanium oxide, chromium oxide, zirconium oxide, hafnium oxide, tantalum oxide, or niobium oxide.
- 10. (Original) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the Y in the formula of the conjugated molecule contains a bivalent aromatic hydrocarbon radical having a carbon number of 6 to 20, or a bivalent heteroaromatic ring radical having a carbon number of 4 to 30 including oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur or silicon.
- 11. (Original) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein a cyclic structure is formed by the R^1 and the R^2 of the conjugated molecule, and a cyclic structure is formed by the R^3 and the R^4 .
- 12. (Original) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the light emitting element is used as a pixel of an electronic apparatus.

- 13. (Original) A light emitting element according to claim 12, wherein the electronic apparatus is at least one selected from the group consisting of a personal computer, a telephone, and a television.
- 14. (Original) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the light emitting element is used as a light source.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, further comprising an electron generation layer in contact with the light emitting layer.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, further comprising an electron generation layer in contact with the light emitting layer and with the first layer.
- 17. (New) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the hole injecting layer contains a phthalocyanine-based compound.
- 18. (New) A light emitting element according to any one of claims 1 to 5, wherein the hole injecting layer has a thickness of 1 nm to 2 nm.